

Review of COAST Humanitarian & Emergency Crisis Response

Team Members:

Md. Shahinur Islam, Dileep Bhowmik and Md. Reaz Hoassin

COAST PRINCIPAL OFFICE, DHAKA 7-8TH MARCH 2022

Objectives

- To know where were we and where are we now in terms of disaster response?
- To identify the major achievement and success of humanitarian response/emergency response in COAST working areas;
- To know the organization's Strength, Weakness, Opportunities and Threat (SWOT)
- To get recommendations for further improvement of the humanitarian & emergency response and contingency plan

Review Methodology

- ► A day-long workshop is organized in Cox's Bazar
- Total 22 participants from different regions and different projects including MF staff participated
- Secondary data and report review
- Consultation with senior staff
- 6 KII with government official including UP member and chairman





About Consultant- Gawher Nayeem Wahra



- 32 years experience in disaster management
- Managed complex emergencies and natural disasters at local, national and international level
- Worked with disaster risk reduction, and climate change adaptation programmes at different humanitarian organizations such as Oxfam, CARE, ActionAid, Save the Children, PLAN, Swiss Development Cooperation and UNICEF
- Founder convener and member secretary of Foundation for Disaster Forum (DF)
- Was Faculty at the Institute of Disaster Management and Vulnerability Studies, University of Dhaka.

Cyclone Marian in 1991

- Cox's Bazar to Chittagong was especially affected
- Some islands were completely inundated, being only a few feet above sea level, including Snadwip, Hatia, Bhola, and Manpura
- COAST provided relief (food, NFI, cash) in Bhola district and also in Cox's Bazar
- Established 4 Cyclone centers in Bhola
- Road construction in Bhola
- Bridge and culverts were also constructed
- This is funded by Action Aid





MV Nasrin 1 launch accident on July 8, 2003

- COAST participated rescue operations with local people and participated the rescue operation and collected the dead bodies
- Burial of dead bodies
- Local and national level advocacy for compensation in waterway accident
- New experience and engaged community members for this work
- This was COAST own fund response



Cyclone Sidr 15 November 2007

- Rapid need assessment and list preparation
- Emergency foods items
- Installed 14 Tube well in Char Motahar
- Interest-free loan and rehabilitation program
- Response in Bhola and Cox's Bazar districts
- This was COAST own fund response



Cyclone Mahasen in 2013

- Allocated fund for cleaning and making ready the cyclone shelters
- Disseminating the cyclone warning messages
- COAST conduced rapid assessment
- Distributed emergency kits among 1000 Families (household NF items)
- Provided Interest-free loan among affected people
- Response in Bhola and Cox's Bazar district
- This was funded by WFP, UNICEF, PKSF and own fund

Cyclone Roanu in 2016: Cox's Bazar

- Emergency Relief distribution and cash distribution
- Repair and dewatering ponds
- Deep Tube well established
- Bathing cubes established
- Community awareness and training
- Distribution of education materials and School dress
- Cash for work
- BRAC and SF supported





Rohingya refugee in 2017: Cox's Bazar

- Rapid response and assessment
- Emergency cooked food, and food items distribution
- WASH (Toilet, Tube-well, Water quality test, Fecal Sludge management, Solid waste management)
- Primary Health Care
- Non Food items distribution
- MHPSS, PSS, Case management
- WFS, AFSS, MPC



Cyclonic Amphana,2020: Bhola

- Rapid assessment and relief distribution plan
- Distributed emergency relief among 1000 affected people
- Messaging and special bulletin through community Radio Meghna
- Own fund and Start Fund





Cyclonic Yass in 2021: Bhola and Cox's Bazar

- COAST distributed emergency relief to 300 affected families in Bhola
- Supported 200 families in Cox's Bazar with relief items
- Relief distribution and cash distribution
- Messages/ Bulletin through community Radio Meghna
- This response supported by own fund

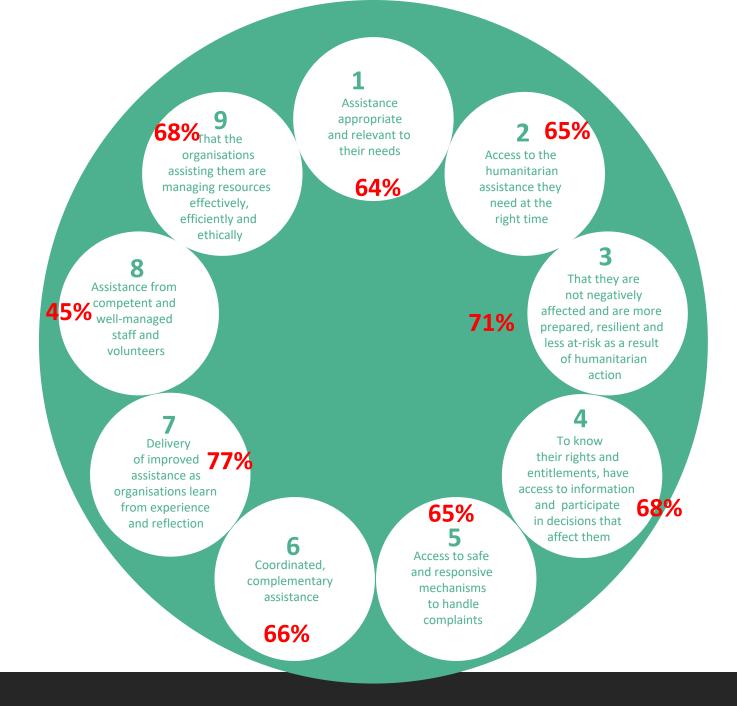


Other crisis and emergency response

- Ramu incident in 2013
- Cyclonic Mora, 30 May 2017 in Cox's Bazar
- Flood response in 2016
- Fire response and rescues in Camp 8E
- Cash support during land slides incident in Teknaf
- COVID-19 response from 2020 to till



COAST staff assessment on CHS performance



SWOT Analysis



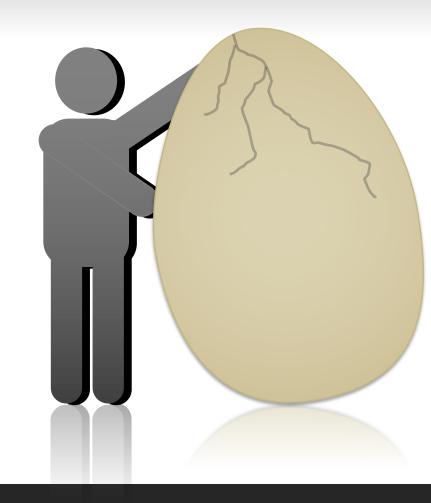
STRENGTHS

- DRR fund/Contingency Fund (Microfinance Fund)
- **b** Local, young and energetic staff
- **MF** and project staff for rapid response team
- Community Radio (Radio Saikat and Radio Meghna)
- Coordination with Govt. DRR sector
- **Danish Boat for emergency rescue**
- **Emergency equipment (Water pump, hand mike)**
- **Regional and other offices are used as cyclone shelter**
- **Volunteers from the community**
- Help desk (Hotline number)
- Organizational reputation & experience



WEAKNESSES

- Insufficient DRR and contingency fund
- No structure contingency plan
- **Lack of policy, procedure and ToR for disaster response**
- Lack of rapid assessment tools/ lack of prescribed form
- Lack of materials storing space or warehouse
- **Emergency Transportation**
- **Emergency Medical Team**
- Area coverage only focus in Cox's Bazar and Bhola district
- Limited emergency resources and response equipment
- **Example 2** Lack of trained staff on disaster (fire, landslides, cyclone etc.)



OPPORTUNITIES

- **Coastal area and resources mobilization**
- Coordination with relevant actors (DC, UNO, RRRC)
- **Donor engagement**
- **Database on community**
- Cooperation with stakeholder and administration
- **b** Jointly work with government
- **Communicate with donor and network for contingency fund**
- **Engagement with Different CPP and UDMC**



THREATS

- **Communication (isolated areas, risky and costly)**
- **b** Local influence during distribution
- **b** Local Govt. influence
- **•** Unfair pressure from community
- Access and approval from government authorities
- **Sinking of fund**



